



Profile of District Dadu.



DCO OFFICE DADU.



DISTRICT COORDINATION OFFICER'S HOUSE
DADU

A BRIEF HISTORY

a) Pre -Independence History & Post Independence History

Dadu District was formed in April 1931 from Larkana and Karachi District. It is situated on Right Bank of River Indus. The District takes its name from Headquarter town. The District was amalgamating seven talukas & two sub-Divisions as under:-

1. DADU SUB DIVISION SUB-DIVISION.

2. SEHWAN

- 1.Taluka Dadu
- 2.Taluka Kakar
- 3.Taluka Mehar
- 4.Taluka Johi

5. Taluka Sehwan
6. Taluka Kotri
- 7.Mahal Kohistan

The first Collector of District Dadu was Rai Bahadur Jagat Singh. The Collectorate building was constructed in 1931. The Local Board was made functional from 18th April 1933 & its first President was Khan Bahadur Mohammad Parial Khan Kalhoro.

Historical significance of Dadu & its adjoining area (i.e.Sehwan, Johi & Mehar etc) has been chiefly for two reasons one that they forward the border between political domains of the rulers (of the state) of Sindh & Balouchistan. Second that Dadu has been along the route of caravans travelling along the Indus. Khudabad Village of District Dadu had remained the capital of Kalhora Dynasty as late as 1768 A.D. The popular trade system was "Hundhi" in the District. The source of income was agriculture & cattle.

After Independence, the people belonging to Hindu community migrated to India & their properties were given to Muslims who had come from India but after some time they mostly sold out the same properties given to them in satisfaction of their claims. Infact Dadu District developed after Independence. The Indus Highway was also constructed after Independence. From 1991untill 14th December 2004, Dadu remained the largest District of Sindh province where after it was bifurcated and a new District Jamshoro was created on 13.12.2004. At present District Dadu comprises four talukas i.e. Dadu, Johi, Mehar & K.N.Shah.

Law and Order.

Law and order situation in Dadu is better as compared to other Districts of Sindh. This is due to the absence of the strong tribal systems as in other parts of Sindh like, Shikar Pur,

Kashmore, and Ghotki etc. Because in Dadu City people of different communities are living together therefore this city is peaceful as compared to others interior regions.

DISTRICT AT GLANCE.

Geographical Location, boundaries: - East District
Naushehro Feroze
West Keerthar range
North Districts
Shahdad Kot at
Qamber &
Larkana
South District
Jamshoro.

Area: - 7866 Sq: K.Ms.

Population as per Census of 1998: -

TALUKA	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	GROWTH RATE 1981-98
Dadu	170375	157597	327972	3.34
Johi	108770	98613	207383	1.24
Mehar	164148	153905	318053	2.95
K.N.Shah	131194	122115	253309	2.89
TOTAL	574487	532230	1106717	2.60

Rural and Urban break-up of population as per census-1998.

Taluka	RURAL			URBAN		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Dadu	113305	105210	218515	57070	52387	109457
Johi	99541	89845	189386	09229	8768	17997
Mehar	137887	128487	266365	26261	25427	51688
KN.Shah	105602	97715	203317	25592	24400	49992

Ethnic Breakup of Mother tongue as per census population-1998.

Taluka	Sindhi	Urdu	Punjabi	Pushto	Balochi	Saraiki	Others	Total
Dadu	318127	4558	3498	289	267	1129	104	327972
Johi	205993	0267	643	177	62	137	104	207383
Mehar	315033	1133	248	87	805	552	195	318053
KN.Shah	248806	731	3196	13	401	23	139	253309

Census Population 1961-1972- 1981-1998.

Taluka	1961	1972	1981	1998
Dadu	89789	142353	187487	327972
Johi	07178	130376	168221	207383
Mehar	104300	130376	168221	207383
KN.Shah	76627	120729	155905	253309

Minorities.

Population as per Census 1998.

Chirstian.	315.
Hindu.	9646.
Qaqdiani.	634.
Scheduled cast.	108.
<u>Others.</u>	<u>161.</u>
Total: -	10,864

Density: - 221.9 per Sq. K.M.

Growth rate: - 2.60

House hold size:- 5.4

Literacy Ratio: 35.6

<u>Rural</u>	<u>Urban</u>	<u>Total</u>
8,77,583	2,29,134	11,06,717

Major Tribes: -

(1) Jamali (2) Jatoi (3) Khosa (4) Leghari (5) Babar (6) Chandia (7) Rind (8) Depar (9) January (10) Panhwar (11) Mallah (12) Solangi (13) Shahani (14) Mahessar (15) Khushik (16) Birmani (17) Shaikh (18) Memon (19) Mangi (20) Kalhora (21) Juneja (22) Soomra (23) Sehol (24) Bughia (25) Bhand (26) Lund (27) Zounr (28) Dera (29) Siyal (30) Khera.

Electoral Rolls: -	1. MNA Seats	=	(i) NA-
232 Dadu-I I			(ii) NA-233
Dadu-I I I			
	2.MPA Seats	=	(i) PS-74
Dadu I V			(ii) PS-75
Dadu V			(iii) PS-76
Dadu VI			(iv) PS-77
Dadu VI I			

Administrative Units: -

Prior to Devolution, the Head of District was Deputy Commissioner/District Magistrate. After devolution District Coordination has been made Head of Group of officers of District Government the District Nazim is Head of District. The Jurisdiction of Taluka & Taluka Nazim is the Head of Each Taluka Municipal Administration. Each Union Council is similarly headed by Nazim of Union Council. The following are Administrative Units of the District.

No. of Taluka	04
No. of Union Councils	52
No. of Circles	14
No. of Tapas	111
No. of Dehs	351

Revenue Information

The Revenue Department is headed by the Executive District Officer Revenue Dadu having one District Officer Revenue, Four Deputy District Officer

(Revenue) & four Taluka Mukhtiarkars taluka wise Geographical area of the District in acres as well as in sq.K.Ms.is as under: -

S.NO	TALUKA	GEOGRAPHICAL AREA IN ACRES	GEOGRAPHICAL AREA IN K.Ms.
1	Dadu	2,02,502-24	846
2	Johi	8,99,838-35	3509
3	Mehar	2,65,640-24	928
4	K.N.Shah	2,80,323-26	2580
	Total	16,48,305-29	7866

Total area Cultivated in Recovery 2004-05 acres	Demand 2004-05 during	2004- 05
1,93, 779	Rs:2,12,37,974	Rs.2,12,99,168

Occupations

The majority of population of District Dadu is rural & they are involved in Agr: cultivation, while towns are providing business opportunities to residents. The inhabitants of Kheerthar do farming while Mallah's of Manchhar lake (Portion falling in taluka Johi) earns their livelihood by fishing. Approximately 20% of the District population is serving in Federal & Provincial Government.

Climate & Rain forecast: -

The Climate of District is intensively Hot about 45 Degree Centigrade in Summer and below 5 Degree Centigrade in Winter. The Climate is immensely conducive for the Agriculture, which is main source of income of the population. The other peculiar feature of climate of District is the Gorakh Hill range which has minus temperature in winter and mercury meter remains below than 20 Degree Centigrade even in June and July.

Extremely dry conditions prevail in Dadu with an annual rainfall of 139 mm (5.6 Inch) most of the rainfall (over 50 percent) comes in Monsoon months, July, August and September. The rainiest months are July and August when 102 m.m. out of 139 m.m. of annual rainfall takes place. The western depressions bring relatively small quantity of rainfall, 17 m.m. from December to March. High veritably of rainfall of rainfall (50-70 percent) is experienced and the rainfall comes in a few heavy showers.

DETAILS OF LARGE, MEDIUM & SAMLL INDUSTRIES & ITS POTENTIAL POSITION IN THE DISTRICT SCOPE OF OTHER INDUSTRIES, FAMOUS INDUSTRY, NATURAL RESOURCES, CHAMBER OF COMERCE.

LARGE INDUTRIES.

1. Dadu sugar Mills Piarogoth.

MEDUIM INDUSTRIES.

1. Jamali Cotton Factory
2. Channa Cotton Factory

SMAL INDUSTRIES (RICE HUSKING MILLS) Taluka Mehar.

S. #	NAME OF ESTALISHMENT AND ADRESS	EMPLOYMENT LEVEL
1	Abdul Hameed Jatoi Rice Mills Betto Road Mehar	34
2	Ali Anwar (Sikandar) Rice Mills By Pass Road Mehar	32
3	Ali Gohar Rice Mills Taluka Mehar	29
4	Abdul Sattar Rice Mills Fareedabad Road Mehar	50
5	Ali Mardan Shah Rice Mills City Road Mehar	35
6	Allah Dinno (Yasrab) Rice Mills City Road Mehar	33
7	Ali Gohar (Mehran) rice Mills Gahi Mahesar Road Mehar	28
8	Gulzar Ali Jatoi Rice Mills Larkana Road Mehar	39
9	Hyder Bux Jatoi Rice Mills Near Sindh Line office Mehar	24
10	Haji Khan Chandio Rice Mills Fareedabad Road Mehar	34
11	Haji Muhammad Soomar (Roshan Shaikh) Rice Mills by Pass Road Mehar	35
12	Haji Rafique Ahme Rice Mills Gahi Mahesar Road Mehar	29
13	Mukhtiar Depar Rice Mills Fareedabad Road Mehar	35

14	Molvi Abdul Waheed (Rahmatullah) rice Mills Sindhi Buttra Mehar	34
15	Muhammad Arif Rice Mills Main Road Qazi Arif Mehar	29
16	Mashallah Rice Mills Sindhi Buttra Road Mehar	23
17	Mushtiaqu Ahmed Qazi Rice Mills Main Road Qazi Arif	24
18	Muhammad Rice Mills Near P.S.O.Petrol Pump Mehar	27
19	Niaz Ali Buriro Rice Mills by Pass Mehar	25
20	Nanak Ram Rice Mills By Pass Mehar	34
21	Noorani Rice Mills VIP Road Mehar	35
22	Pir Muhammad Jatoi Rice Mills VIP Road Mehar	28
23	Shaikh Rice Mills Near Van Stop Mehar	33
24	Sikardar Ali (Safdar) Rice Mills By Pass Mehar	32

TALUKA KHAI RPUR NATHAN SHAH.

S. #	NAME OF ESTABLISHMENT AND ADDRESS	EMPLOYMENT LEVEL
1	Akhtiar Ali Rice Mills By Pass K.N.Shah	28
2	Abbassi Rice Mills Indus Highway road K.N.Shah	30
3	Balooch Rice Mills By Pass K.N.Shah	30
4	Ghulam Shabir Rice Mills K.N.Shah Road K.N.Shah	32
5	Ghulam Rasool Shaikh Rice Mills Sita Road K.N.Shah	28
6	Ghulam Nabi Rice Mills K.N.Shah Road Khanpur	26
7	Haji Bashir Ahmed Rice Mills Sita Road K.N.Shah	28
8	Haji Karim Bux Rice Mills City Road K.N.Shah	26
9	Haji Ramzan Ali Rice Mills Near By Pass K.N.Shah	30
10	Haji Habibullah/Umair Rice Mills City Road K.N.Shah	25
11	Haji Amir Bux Junejo Rice Mills K.N.Shah Road Khan Pur	32
12	Muhammad Parial Rice Mills College Road K.N.Shah	27
13	Muhammad Safial Rice Mills Bazar Road K.N.Shah	30
14	Mukhtiar (Rasheed) rice Mills City Road K.N.Shah	35
15	Manzoor Ali rice Mills City Road K.N.Shah	28
16	Muhammad Yousif Niach Rice Mills K.N.Shah Road Khanpur	36
17	Nazir Ahmed Rice Mills Jamali Near Degree College K.N.Shah	30
18	Shaikh Rice Mills City Road K.N.Shah	34
19	Sikander Ali Rice Mills By Pass K.N.Shah	25
20	Shah Muhammad rice Mills Main Road K.N.Shah	29

NATURAL RESOURCES

The District is rich in natural resources such as valuable stones & reservoirs of Gas & Petroleum have been explored in taluka Johi. The B.H.P. Company established its installation to secure Gas & Petroleum. Another Foreign company viz: ENI has also setup their base station along border of Taluka Johi & Sehwan for the purpose.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

With the coordination and support of SMEDA a registered Chamber of Commerce is functioning in Dadu District. Apart from Dadu Chamber of Commerce and Industries some other associations of trade of different nature are also functioning in each main towns of taluka of District Dadu.

Agriculture.

The Agriculture land of Dadu District consists of three Zones: (i) Barrage Zone (ii) Sailabi (River Spill in Kacho area) & (iii) Rainfall in Kachho area. The District is fed by Sukkur Barrage. There are two main canals in District (i) Rice Canal (ii) Dadu Canal. The Irrigation likewise other parts of province is Chief source of income of District Dadu. The all crops of Kharif and Rabi are grown in District and such crops are wheat, Rice, Cotton, Sugarcane, Maize, Barley, Pulses, Juwar, Bajra, Grams & Seasmum. The total cultivated area of District is 1,93,779-0 acres.

STATEMENT SHOWING OF MAJOR & MINOR TARGET IN
HET AND YIELD/AREA AND PRODUCTION IN M.TONS OF
DADU DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 2004-05-2005-06.

S. #.	NAME OF CROPS	TARGET IN HCT	AREA IN HCT	YIELD PER ACCRS IN MDS:	PRODUCTI ON IN M.TONS
1	Paddy	41620	44250	36	146930
2	Cotton	10278	12782	19	19914
3	Sugarcane	4115	1344	500	61963
4	Jowar	--	508	10	468
5	Seasamum	--	850	10	784
6	Chillies	--	500	300	13829
7	Wheat	58250	58365	25	134584
8	Onion	--	1616	150	22362
9	Barly	--	1131	8	1043
10	Gram	--	563	9	519
11	Rape mastered	--	3329	8	2763
12	Linseed	--	308	6	284
13	Pulses mattar	--	Total		
	(a) Masoor	--	1092	10	1007
14	Vegetables	--	105	60	581
	(a) Tomato	--			
15	Fodder	--			
	(a) Biarssem	--	2374	150	32845
	(b) Locrrred	--	1372	200	25310
	(c) Chattal	--			
16	Fruits	--	24	70	155

TALUKA WIES LAND UTILIZATION FIGURES (ACERS) OF
DISTRICT DADU.

S. #	Statistical Data	Name of Taluka				Total
		Mehar	K. N Shah	Dadu	Johi	
1	Total Geographical Acreage	229312	638182	195865	899838	1963197
2	Reported 4+8	229312	638182	195865	699838	1763197
3	Total cultivtaed acreage	1455444	158507	138862	330930	2083743
4	Net area shown	85845	102350	95110	46608	329913
5	Currunt fellow	59599	56152	43092	284322	443165
6	Cropted Acerage (5+8)	90770	117870	96910	48348	353898
7	Area Shown more then once	4925	15520	11140	1740	33325
8	Total un cultivated acreage 09+10+11	83868	520082	570035	96092	1270077
9	Cultivable waste	75174	39407	25512	20172	160265
10	Forest	4661	11805	21265	--	37731
11	Unable to cultivate	24737	480675	28716	498920	1033048

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PROGRESS REPORT OF CROP
FOR LAST THREE YEARS OF DISTRICT DADU.

S. #	NAME OF CROPS	TARGET FIXED HECTT:	TARGETS ACHIEVED IN HECTT:	REMARKS
YEAR 2003-2004				
1	Cotton	8300	8200 (98.79%)	Due to acute shortage of water area under cultivation and yield decreased
2	Sugarcane	3600	3650(101.38%)	
3	Rice (Paddy)	35680	28544 (80%)	
Year 2004-2005				
1	Cotton	10278	13190(127.54%)	Due to motivation of Field Staff and disseminated latest technology and village level training programs the area and yield of the crop is increased and Best Certificate for grow more wheat campaign during year 2004-2005.
2	Sugarcane	4105	2150 (52.38%)	
3	Rice (Paddy)	41626	40626(94.59%)	
4	Wheat (Rabi)	58250	21350(105.32%)	
Year 2005-2006				
1	Cotton (Kharif)	9434 10470(110.98%)		
2	Sugarcane	2100	1078 (42.69%)	
3	Rice (Paddy)	4445	45500(102.35%)	

STATEMENT SHOWING THE LIST OF REGISTERED
PESTICIDE DEALERS WORKING IN DISTRICT DADU.

S.NO	TALUKA	NO. OF PESTICIDE DEALER	NO. OF FERTILIZER
1	Dadu	14	17
2	Johi	04	03
3	Mehar	07	08
4	K.N.Shah	4	02
	TOTAL	29	30

AGRICULTURE EXTENSION ACTIVITY AND ORGANIZATION SETUP OF THE DEPARTMENT IN DISTRICT DADU.

MAIN OBJECT

AGRICULTURE EXTENSION WING

The objective of Agriculture Extension is divided in two portions.

1. Agriculture Extension Work.
2. Plant Protection.

1. AGRICULTURE EXTENSION WORK

The main function is to raise the production of various Agriculture crops by adopting improved technology right from land preparation to harvesting advising, proper application of Fertilizer, Irrigation and use of yielding seeds including selection of the crops.

For this purpose from Field Assistants, Agriculture Officers, Deputy District Officers and District Officers is doing all efforts to achieve goal of good production to make country self sufficient in major crops like cotton, Paddy, Sugarcane, Wheat and Oil Seeds.

In this regard field days at the farmers field and trainings of field assistants has been carried during both the seasons Rabi and Kharif in the District for example in every month training of Field Assistants are to be scheduled @ each Taluka of the District and displayed Zarai Cinemas shows at different places of District on the Instructions of Director General

Agriculture Extension, Sindh, to disseminate the latest technology of cultivation and prevention the cotton crop and oil seed crops from pest diseases. The Department was launched more wheat campaign to get the country self sufficient in the wheat food. District Dadu has won the trophy and thresher in grow more programs.

1. PLANT PROTECTION WORK.

It is entire duty of Extension worker that is from field Assistants to District Officers, Agriculture Extension to monitor the Pest scouting work in different crops @ present cotton pest scouting work is going on. During the field visits every Agriculture Officers is submitting his scheduled pest scouting farm in which he is bound to watch the crop of concerned grower in his presence by getting his signature and advising him about pesticide for controlling the Pest problems.

This scheduled work is also checked by Deputy District Officer Agriculture Extension, District Officer of Agriculture and even also Executive District Officer Agriculture this program is also being used in other crops like Paddy and Sugarcane, Chillies, Onion etc.

The another work of Department is to provide quality pesticide and fertilizer to the growers for getting maximum yields. For the effectiveness of this work Executive District Officer, Agriculture, District Officer, Deputy District Officer Agriculture Extension are notified pesticide & Fertilizer in inspection in their respective jurisdiction.

The Pesticide / Fertilizer inspectors take samples of product from different shops in their areas before the witness and dealer and same is to be sent to the Provincial Laboratory for analysis purpose.

If the product declared unfit the Inspectors initiate to lodge FIR against the culprits and matter moved to the competent court of Law to the punishment under APO 1971 to the accused.

Animal husbandry/live stock

NUMBER AND TYPES OF LIVE STOCK.

S. #	Kind / Type of animals	Numbers
01	Cattle	366,350
02	Buffaloes	358,750
03	Sheep's	179,190
04	Goat's	563,770
TOTAL		1,468,060

Live Stock department is participated main role to provide the veterinary aid to the Live Stock owners and Live Stock farmers in District and provide round the clock veterinary aid to the sick and wounded animals through 40 veterinary institutions and door services through mobile services to the far flung areas.

There is acute shortage of vaccines to achieve the Annual vaccination target, the District Government is not provide the vaccine the same may be supplied by the Director Animal Husbandry Sindh Hyderabad on cost of recovery basis.

FOREST.

Dadu is geographically & economically very important District. The total area of Dadu District has now recently been reduced from 4,561,683.7 acres to its nearly 40% due to creation of new District i.e Jamshoro. Now Dadu District has been confined to 04 Talukas which are Dadu, Johi, K.N Shah & Mehar.

State Forests exist in Dadu & Mehar taluaks only. The total area of Forest in Dadu District is 17534 acres which is only 1% of the total geographical area. The area is under control & management of Sindh Forest Deptt: except Kandi Baghban Forest (1790.4 acrs) transferred to District Government.

FLORA AND FAUNA: -

LIST OF TREES SHRUBS AND GRASSES

LOCAL NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	LOCAL NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Babul	Accacia nilotica	Mehndi	Ficus religiosa
Khaur	Accacia Senegal	Mohwa	Madhaca indica
Siris	Albizzia lebbek	Amb	Mangifara indica
Kandero	Alhagi maurorum	Bakain	Melia azadarach
Nim	Azaddrachta indica	Toot	Morus alba
Akk	Calotropis procera	Jungle Jalebi	Pithecolobium dules
Kirar	Capparis aphylla	Kandi	Prosopis sinararia
Lasura, Gedoro	Cordia dichopoma	Devi	Prosopis glandulosa
Liar	Cordia rothiol	Mesquite	Prosopis juliflora
Dubh	Cynodon dactylon	Bahan	Populas euphratica
Talhi, Shisham	Dalbergia sisoo	Kansar	Saccharum bengalanse
Gulmohar	Delonix regia	Kanh	Saccharum sponianeum
Drub	Damostachya bipinnata	Simal	Salmalia malabarica
Sar	Erianthus srundinaoeus	Lani	Salsola foitida
Gul-e-Nishtar	Erythrina variagala	Jar	Salvadora oleoides
Safeda	Eucalyptus spp:	Khabbar	Salvadora persica

Chabar	Eleusine aegyptica	Ritha	Sapindus amarginatus
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POULTRY DEVELOPMENT.

The office Poultry Development Office Dadu was started by the Govt. in the year 1990 to provide New bread for Poultry increasing in Rural and Urban areas of the District Dadu. Docky and mini-Red birds.

AIMS & OBJECTIVES

The main purpose of poultry development activities in the rural areas was to increase the production of rural poultry units which still contribute substantially to the province over all production of eggs and poultry meat. In this case connection the approach was:

- 1) To introduce better producing stock of chicken (was compared to our native/Desi Chicken /which could have under – scavenging condition and also accepted by the people in place of the native chicken which were low-producing and low maturing.
- 2) To protect the rural poultry against deadly diseases through mass vaccination and also providing diseases diagnosis and guiding on their treatment, prevention and control measures to minimize losses caused by diseases and.
- 3) Educating the poultry keepers in modern Poultry raising techniques specially under village conditions to obtain better production through the applications of proper management and feeding principles etc.
- 4) To increase the per capital in take of animal proteins through increase production and consumption of Eggs, Poultry Meat in the province.

- 5) To augment the family income of the rural and commercial poultry farmers by improving and input efficiency.
- 6) To organize and conduct Research on various aspects of the poultry Industry, namely feeding , diseases , management economics and marketing, breeding and incubation etc.
- 7) To develop and training programme of farmers, graduates and Governments officers/ officials working on Poultry.
- 8) To extend technical know-how to farmers, and other concerned with poultry production either directly or through appropriate channels.
- 9) To provide support to the integrated rural poultry Development programmes in the provide so as to ensure implementation and follow-up activities.

NATIONAL PROGRAMME FOR IMPROVEMENT OF 29000 WATER COURSES IN SINDH.

The agriculture is Pakistan's largest Single Sector of economy ahead of manufacturing and accounts for 24% total GDP and have a most important source of foreign exchange earning through export of Agriculture Commodities.

The National Programme for Improvement of 29000 WaterCourses in Sindh is under spear. Leading of worthy President of Pakistan water vision Mega Project for development of agriculture Sector.

The objectives of the NPI W five-year plan are.

1. To minimize wastage of water occurring by seepage, spillage and side linkage from poor conditioned water courses.
2. Increase in production by effective utilization of irrigation water through improvement of water courses network and strengthening farmers participation to improve their capability for better management at the farm level.
3. To, improve low yields due to inefficient, improper and inadequate use of water on crops.
4. Scheme is covering total area approximately 1 million hec: in Sindh and 0.08 million hectares in Dadu district and beneficiaries population of about 1 million in Sindh & 70000 of District Dadu.

Other Business Opportunities in District Dadu.

District Dadu is a very backward district of Sindh but all business activities are very high. In District Dadu a very large number of people are doing jobs and businesses in foreign countries like Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., Canada, U.S.A., U.K. etc. and they are investing their earnings in their home country through different businesses. Their relatives are running all these businesses. Agriculture and livestock and related projects of both sectors are the major businesses of the region. The District is rich with natural resources such as valuable stones & reservoirs of Gas & Petroleum have been explored in taluka Johi. The B.H.P. Company established its installation to secure Gas & Petroleum. Another Foreign company viz: ENI has also setup their base station along border of Taluka Johi & Sehwan for the purpose.

In Dadu there many registered and unregistered business related associations are working. Rice, Dairy farming, Goat and Sheep farming, poultry farming, peeshban making and handmade products are the major business sectors of the district. Rice mills, flour mills, ice mills, ginning Industries are the main industry of Dadu.

Some potential business sectors.

Manchar Lake.

Lake is the biggest natural lake in Asia. When it is in full capacity it covers an area of 259 square kilometers at its maximum and when it shrinks, it covers an area of 52 square kilometers at its minimum. Apart from being storage of fish, it is also a source of water irrigating about 20,000 to 25, 000 acres of land. The other important lake is Ganero about 16 kilometers from Mehar.

These both lakes can become an important source of incomes of local community if Government take interest for the development of both lakes and convert both lakes into entertainment points for local and foreigner visitors.

In this way the local people can generate their livelihood through starting businesses.

Gorakh Hill Station.

Gorakh is an under-Development Hill Station of Sindh. It is situated at an elevation of 5688 Ft. in the Kirthar Mountains Range's Sindh Segment, 93-km north west of Dadu city. Gorakh Hill Station is situated on one of the highest Plateaus of [[Sindh], spread over 2500 acres, and due its surroundings, a unique adventure point for nature lovers.

Gorakh Plateau also serves as gateway for the villagers of Khuzdar District, Balochistan, who come over to the village, Wahi Pandi, in Sindh's segment of Kirthar, about a third way downhill from Gorakh Hill Station... for purchasing food and other Utilities.

The Gorakh Hills summit can only be reached with 4x4 vehicles, which are available from Dadu and Johi towns. The hilltop is 93 km from Dadu. The last small town before the Gorakh Hill is Wahi Pandi, settled in the lap of the Kirthar range. The road thereafter is towered slowly at the milestone of 53 km when one enters the Yaroo Pass (Yaroo Sain Jo Luck).

Like Manchar Lake and Ganero its also an important point for tours and visitors if government take keen interest in for the development of Gorakh it can become a tourist destination in Summer like Maree, Ziarat and other areas of Pakistan.

Through starting different business related activities by the government the local inhabitants can generate their livelihood and it will help in decreasing unemployment and poverty in the very backward district of Dadu.

Other Import Buisness Which have lot of potential in Dadu.

Handmade products.

District Dadu is very famous in all over the country due to its beautiful and cultural handmade products. Because Dadu is a very backward region and due to the shortage of water especially in Kachoo (rain fed area where water comes in rainy seasons only) and mountainous areas of Dadu the major source of income of the people is Livestock and making

different products with their hands. The artisans who are working in the cluster having lot of skills and they are very talented. They are also very hard workers and dedicated. The major products due to which the cluster is famous are Sindhi Caps, Relies, Sindhi dresses, different decoration pieces and traditional tuck work and peach work.

History and Background

The handmade cluster of Sindh is centuries old. In the old ages the Kings, Rajas, Maharajas used these traditional dresses, relies, hand fans and other handmade products for personal and ornamental purposes of their palaces.

Through the historical tales, books and other sources it is found that the armies of different states of Sindh were using relies and other designed products as secret maps for the areas of their enemies. Sindhi Caps, relies and other cultural and traditional products being used as a sign of their culture and tradition since centuries. The artisans who are working in this cluster learnt about the products from their elders and transferred it to the next generations.

The artisans were making only those products that they learnt from their elders. After 80's when the N.G.Os. entered in this cluster then the people came to know about some other products and designs but at limited scale. When Government took interest in the different clusters of the country in 2005 and AHAN established, the artisans of Dadu gained a lot of knowledge about different handmade the products of National and International standards through the country's famous and world class fashion designers of the country. AHAN created training and products development opportunities for the cluster and introduced Dadu's handmade products in National and International Market.

Apart from Live stock and dairy business some other important Businesses that have potential are given here:

1. Fruit Juice
2. Paper Bag making.
3. Nursery Plants.
4. Candle Making.
5. Fast Food Restaurant.
6. Paper Boxes Making Factory.
7. Glass Factory.
8. Mineral Water.
9. Oil extracting plant [especially from cotton seed.]
10. Edible oil and Ghee mill.
11. P.V.C. Shoes.
12. Polythene Bags.
13. Floor Mill.
14. Swimming Pool.
15. Spices Processing, Packing and Marketing.
16. Screen Printing.
17. Surgical Cotton manufactur.
18. Catering, Party and event planner.
19. Cooking School.
20. Interior Designing.

21. Private Library.
22. Bridal Shop and Dopata Center.
23. Handmade artificial Jewelry and other handmade products.
24. Wax made products (Candles and other decorative products).
25. Display Center of Carpets, Quilts, Pillow, curtains and other related products.
26. I.T. and Business School.
27. Amusement Park.
28. Gaming Zone.
29. Potato Chips manufacturing plant.
30. Cold Storage.
31. Safety Matches Manufacturing Plant.
32. Soap Factory.
33. Tea Company.
34. Winding machine for small reels.
35. Salt Packing and Marketing.
36. Boutique.
37. Rusk, bread and biscuits manufacturing.
38. Note Books printing and binding for schools with their names.
39. Paper Boxes for sweets and cakes packing.