## Pre-Feasibility Study

 ROSE WATER EXTRACTION UNIT

# Small and Medium Enterprises Development Authority Ministry of Industries \& Production Government of Pakistan <br> www.smeda.org.pk 

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## 1 DISCLAIMER

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## Document Control

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## 2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Cultivation of ornamental flowers including rose flower is concentrated around big cities such as Rawalpindi, Faisalabad, Lahore, Multan, Hyderabad and Karachi. Accordingly, these cities present an opportunity for establishment of Rose Water Processing Unit due to easy sourcing of rose petals.

The proposed project is a small sized simple steam distillation unit which would take approximately 8 hours to complete a production cycle, from rose petal input to rose water extraction. The project will be producing rose water packed in pet bottles of 750 ml and 250 ml with a ratio of $60 \%$ and $40 \%$ respectively. Total installed production capacity of rose water is 300,000 liters whereas its operational capacity will be $60 \%$ or 180,000 liters of rose water in year 1 . Maximum capacity utilization is assumed at $95 \%$ (i.e. 285,000 liters). Entrepreneur's background and technical know-how of the business is extremely important for the success of proposed venture.

The total project cost for setting up a Rose Water Processing Unit is estimated at Rs. 4.02 million out of which Rs. 2.54 million is capital cost and Rs. 1.47 million is working capital. The project is proposed to be financed through $50 \%$ debt and $50 \%$ equity. The NPV is projected around Rs. 12.47 million, with an IRR of $66 \%$ and a payback period of 2.16 years. The project will provide employment opportunities to 14 people directly including owner as CEO. The legal business status of this project is proposed as a 'Sole Proprietorship'.

## 3 INTRODUCTION TO SMEDA

The Small and Medium Enterprises Development Authority (SMEDA) was established in October 1998 with an objective to provide fresh impetus to the economy through development of Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).
With a mission "to assist in employment generation and value addition to the national income, through development of the SME sector, by helping increase the number, scale and competitiveness of SMEs", SMEDA has carried out 'sectoral research' to identify policy, access to finance, business development services, strategic initiatives and institutional collaboration and networking initiatives.

Preparation and dissemination of prefeasibility studies in key areas of investment has been a successful hallmark of SME facilitation by SMEDA.
Concurrent to the prefeasibility studies, a broad spectrum of business development services is also offered to the SMEs by SMEDA. These services include identification of experts and consultants and delivery of need based capacity building programs of different types in addition to business guidance through help desk services.

## 4 PURPOSE OF THE DOCUMENT

The objective of the pre-feasibility study is primarily to facilitate potential entrepreneurs in project identification for investment. The project pre-feasibility may form the basis of an important investment decision and in order to serve this objective, the document/study covers various aspects of project concept development, start-up, and production, marketing, finance and business management.
The purpose of this document is to facilitate potential investors in Rose Water Extraction Unit by providing them with a general understanding of the business with the intention of supporting potential investors in crucial investment decisions.
The need to come up with pre-feasibility reports for undocumented or minimally documented sectors attains greater imminence as the research that precedes such reports reveal certain thumb rules; best practices developed by existing enterprises by trial and error, and certain industrial norms that become a guiding source regarding various aspects of business set-up and it's successful management.
Apart from carefully studying the whole document one must consider critical aspects provided later on, which form basis of any Investment Decision.

## 5 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT \& PRODUCT

This project is about processing rose petals to extract rose water and its packing in pet bottles of 750 ml and 250 ml . The processing unit will have a capacity to process 60 tons of rose petals, extracting 300,000 liters of rose water annually. Rose water will be extracted through Steam Distillation method in which rose petals will immediately prepared to go through a very meticulous steam-distillation process. The rose petals are kept in chamber with water. The steam heats up the chamber and the water starts to boil and thus evaporates while extracting all the soluble elements. The evaporated water passes through a condenser and cools down to become pure rose water.

To keep the investment required for setting-up the facility low, rose petals will be purchased from the market instead of self-cultivation / harvesting. All the necessary expenditures required to set-up this rose water processing unit have been incorporated in the project's cost of capital.

### 5.1 Production Process Flow



### 5.2 Installed And Operational Capacities

The installed capacity of proposed unit is to produce 300,000 liters of rose water based on 300 operational days (i.e. 1,000 liter per shift). However, in year 1 the unit will operate on $60 \%$ of its installed capacity and will produce 180,000 liters. The rose water will be packed in 2 different pickings (i.e. 750 ml and 250 ml ) and
will be sold with the brand name. Installed and operational capacity of the unit in packing (no. of bottles) is given in table below:

Table 1: Installed and Operational Capacity

| Product Description | Product <br> Mix | Installed <br> Capacity* | Operational <br> Capacity <br> Year 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{7 5 0} \mathrm{ml}$ Packing | $60 \%$ | 240,000 | 144,000 |
| 250 ml Packing | $40 \%$ | 480,000 | 288,000 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ | 432,000 |
| * $60 \%$ of 300,000 liters rose water will be packed in 750 ml packing and remaining |  |  |  |
| $40 \%$ will be packed in 250 ml packing. |  |  |  |

## 6 CRITICAL FACTORS

Following factors play a critical role in the successful execution of the business operations and impact profitability:

- Contract sourcing of good quality rose-petals on reasonable prices.
- Ensure the quality of the finished product.
- Effective marketing and distribution of the product particularly to the wholesale buyers.


## 7 GEOGRAPHICAL POTENTIAL FOR INVESTMENT

The industry of growing flowers and other ornamental crops is mainly concentrated around big cities like Karachi, Hyderabad, Lahore, Rawalpindi, Islamabad, Multan, Faisalabad, and Quetta along with Pattoki, Sahiwal and Hyderabad.

## 8 POTENTIAL TARGET CUSTOMERS / MARKETS

Rose water is used in many medical, cosmetic and culinary products. Large herbal medicine companies and pharmaceutical businesses are major buyers of rose water. Additionally, due to traditional consumption of rose water for household use, there is also a significant consumer market all across Pakistan.

## 9 PROJECT COST SUMMARY

A detailed financial model has been developed to analyze the commercial viability of Rose Water Extraction Unit. Various cost and revenue related assumptions along with results of the analysis are outlined in this section.

The projected Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement and Balance Sheet are also attached as annexure.

### 9.1 Project Economics

All the figures in this financial model have been calculated for estimated sales of Rs. 18.36 million in the year one. The capacity utilization during year one is worked out at $60 \%$ with $5 \%$ increase in subsequent years up to the maximum capacity utilization of $95 \%$.

The following table shows internal rate of return, payback period and net present value of the proposed venture.

## Table 2: Project Economics

| Description | Details |
| :--- | ---: |
| Internal Rate of Return (IRR) | $66 \%$ |
| Payback Period (Years) | 2.16 |
| Net Present Value (Rs.) | $12,470,485$ |

### 9.2 Project Financing

Following table provides details of the equity required and variables related to bank loan:

Table 3: Project Financing

| Description | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Total Equity $(50 \%)$ | Rs. $2,009,201$ |
| Bank Loan $(50 \%)$ | Rs. $2,009,201$ |
| Markup to the Borrower (\%age / annum) | $12 \%$ |
| Tenure of the Loan (Years) | 5 |

### 9.3 Project Cost

Following fixed and working capital requirements have been identified for operations of the proposed business.

## Table 4: Project Cost

| Description | Amount (Rs.) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Machinery \& Equipment | 833,000 |
| Furniture \& Fixtures | 542,000 |
| Office Vehicles | 656,500 |
| Office Equipment | 97,000 |
| Pre-operating Costs | 365,000 |
| Training Costs | 50,000 |
| Total Capital Costs | $\mathbf{2 , 5 4 3 , 5 0 0}$ |
| Working Capital | 20,825 |
| Equipment Spare Part Inventory | 266,221 |
| Raw Material Inventory | 300,000 |
| Upfront Building Rent | $\mathbf{8 8 7 , 8 5 7}$ |
| Cash | $\mathbf{1 , 4 7 4 , 9 0 3}$ |
| Total Working Capital | $\mathbf{4 , 0 1 8 , 4 0 3}$ |
| Total Investment |  |

### 9.4 Space Requirement

A total of 2,300 square feet area is required to start this business. Space for the processing unit has been calculated on the basis of space required for production area, management building, storage area and parking area. However, the units operating in the industry do not follow any set pattern. Following table shows calculations for project space requirement.

Table 5: Space Requirment

| Description | Area Required <br> (Sq. ft.) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Management Building | 500 |
| Production Area | 1,000 |
| Finished Good Storage Area | 300 |
| Parking \& Open Area | 500 |
| Total Infrastructure | $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 0}$ |

It is proposed to use a rental building in order to avoid high capital cost and risk.
The proposed monthly rent for the building is taken at Rs. 100,000/- month. A total
amount of Rs. 500,000 estimated as renovation cost of Management building and factory as per the above mentioned area required.

### 9.5 Machinery \& Equipment Requirement

Machinery and equipment for the proposed project are stated below;
Table 6: Machinery \& Equipment Requirement

| Description | Quantity | Cost Per <br> Unit (Rs.) | Total (Rs.) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plnat \& Machinery Set <br> Included: Material loading vessel <br> capacity 1000 Liters Cooling Coil and <br>  <br> Essential Oil Seprator Steam Generator <br> (Gas) | 1 | 700,000 | 700,000 |
| Water Pump |  |  |  |
| Pull Chain (For Rose Loading) | 1 | 18,000 | 18,000 |
| Generator 5.5 KVA | 1 | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Total Machinery \& Equipment | 1 | 100,000 | 100,000 |

### 9.6 Furniture \& Fixtures Requirement

Details of the furniture and fixture required for the project are given below;
Table 7: Furniture \& Fixture Requirement

| Description | Quantity | Cost Per Unit (Rs.) | Total (Rs.) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| UPS (1500 Watt) | 1 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Chairs for Plant Workers | 4 | 3,000 | 12,000 |
| Furniture Set for CEO | 1 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Furniture Set for Accounts Office | 2 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| and Sales Officer |  |  |  |
| Water Cooler | 1 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Air conditioners (1.5 ton Split) | 1 | 70,000 | 70,000 |
| Total Energy Savers, Fans etc. |  |  | 30,000 |
| Renovation |  |  | 250,000 |
| Total Furniture \& Fixtures |  |  | $\mathbf{5 4 2 , 0 0 0}$ |

### 9.7 Office Equipment Requirement

Following office equipment will be required for the proposed Rose Water Extraction Unit.

## Table 8: Office Equipment Requirement

| Description | Quantity | Cost Per <br> Unit (Rs.) | Total (Rs.) |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Laptop (Used/New) | 2 | 40,000 | 80,000 |
| Computer printer (s) | 1 | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Telephone + Connection | 1 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Total Office Equipment |  |  | 97,000 |

### 9.8 Office Vehicle Requirement

A Suzuki pick-up (used) will be purchased for business operations. Its cost is estimated as Rs. 656,500.

### 9.9 Raw Material Requirements

Following raw material is required for the production of rose water;

- Rose Petals
- Pet Bottles ( 250 ml \& 750 ml )

Cost and consumptions of raw material are given in annexure.

### 9.10 Human Resource Requirement

In order to run operations smoothly, details of human resources required along with number of employees and monthly salaries are recommended as under;

Table 9: Human Resource Requirment

| Description | No. of Employees | Salary per Employee per month |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CEO / Marketing Manager | 1 | 70,000 |
| Accounts Officer | 1 | 30,000 |
| Sales Officer | 1 | 25,000 |
| Plant Workers | 4 | 18,000 |
| Plant Helper | 4 | 15,000 |
| Security Guard | 1 | 18,000 |
| Office Boy | 2 | 15,000 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |  |

### 9.11 Utilities and Other Costs

An essential cost to be borne by the project is the cost of electricity. The electricity, gas and water expenses are estimated to be around Rs. 2.05 million in year 1. Furthermore, promotional expense, being essential for marketing of Rose Water, is estimated as Rs. 1.84 million in year 1.

### 9.12 Revenue Generation

Based on the capacity utilization of $60 \%$, sales revenue during the first year of operations is estimated in below table.

Table 10: Revenue Generation - Year 1

| Product | First Year <br> Production @ 60\% <br> capacity excl. | Sale Price <br> Finished Goods <br> inventory | Revenue (Rs.) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 750 ml Packing | 141,200 | 70 | Reve) |

## 10 CONTACT DETAILS

In order to facilitate potential investors, contact details of private sector Service Providers relevant to the proposed project be given.

### 10.1 Machinery Suppliers

PAMICo technologies,
P-124, Street No.2, Shahad Colony, Jhang Road Faisalabad.
Tel: 041-2551911
Mobile : 0321-6615711
Web : www.pamicotechnologies.com

## USEFUL WEB LINKS

| Small \& Medium Enterprises Development Authority (SMEDA) | www.smeda.org.pk |
| :---: | :---: |
| Government of Pakistan | www.pakistan.gov.pk |
| Ministry of Industries \& Production | www.moip.gov.pk |
| Ministry of Federal Education and Professional Training | http://moent.gov.pk |
| Government of Punjab | www.punjab.gov.pk |
| Government of Sindh | www.sindh.gov.pk |
| Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa | www.khyberpakhtunkhwa.gov.pk |
| Government of Baluchistan | www.balochistan.gov.pk |
| Government of Gilgit Baltistan | www.gilgitbaltistan.gov.pk |
| Government of Azad Jamu Kashmir | www.ajk.gov.pk |
| Trade Development Authority of Pakistan (TDAP) | www.tdap.gov.pk |
| Security Commission of Pakistan (SECP) | www.secp.gov.pk |
| Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FPCCI) | www.fpcci.com.pk |
| State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) | www.sbp.org.pk |
| University of Agriculture Faisalabad | www.uaf.edu.pk |
| Barani Agriculture Research Institute, Chakwal, | www.barichakwal.org |
| Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC) | www.parc.gov.pk |

## 11 ANNEXURES

### 11.1 Income Statement

| Income Statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | Year 7 | Year 8 | Year 9 | Year 10 |
| Revenue | 18,356,000 | 21,667,143 | 24,969,887 | 28,628,847 | 32,677,708 | 37,153,128 | 42,094,986 | 47,546,654 | 50,927,038 | 54,491,931 |
| Cost of sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods Sold | 6,389,300 | 7,753,286 | 9,185,644 | 10,826,942 | 12,704,642 | 14,849,614 | 17,296,532 | 20,084,339 | 22,115,406 | 24,326,946 |
| Operation costs 1 (direct labor) | 1,584,000 | 1,742,400 | 1,452,000 | 1,597,200 | 1,756,920 | 1,932,612 | 2,125,873 | 2,338,461 | 2,572,307 | 2,829,537 |
| Operating costs 2 (machinery maintenance) | 83,300 | 91,630 | 100,793 | 110,872 | 121,960 | 134,155 | 147,571 | 162,328 | 178,561 | 196,417 |
| Operating costs 3 (Electricity, Gas and Water Expense) | 2,052,000 | 2,445,300 | 2,896,740 | 3,414,015 | 4,005,778 | 4,681,753 | 5,452,865 | 6,331,382 | 6,964,520 | 7,660,972 |
| Total cost of sales | 10,108,600 | 12,032,616 | 13,635,177 | 15,949,029 | 18,589,299 | 21,598,134 | 25,022,841 | 28,916,510 | 31,830,793 | 35,013,873 |
| Gross Profit | 8,247,400 | 9,634,528 | 11,334,710 | 12,679,817 | 14,088,408 | 15,554,994 | 17,072,145 | 18,630,145 | 19,096,245 | 19,478,058 |
| General administration \& selling expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration expense | 2,076,000 | 2,283,600 | 2,163,480 | 2,379,828 | 2,617,811 | 2,879,592 | 3,167,551 | 3,484,306 | 3,832,737 | 4,216,010 |
| Building rental expense | 1,200,000 | 1,320,000 | 1,452,000 | 1,597,200 | 1,756,920 | 1,932,612 | 2,125,873 | 2,338,461 | 2,572,307 | 2,829,537 |
| Office Vehicle Running Expenses | 917,800 | 1,083,357 | 1,248,494 | 1,431,442 | 1,633,885 | 1,857,656 | 2,104,749 | 2,377,333 | 2,546,352 | 2,724,597 |
| Communications expense (phone, fax, mail, internet, etc.) | 103,800 | 114,180 | 108,174 | 118,991 | 130,891 | 143,980 | 158,378 | 174,215 | 191,637 | 210,801 |
| Legal \& Professional Charges | 50,000 | 55,000 | 60,500 | 66,550 | 73,205 | 80,526 | 88,578 | 97,436 | 107,179 | 117,897 |
| Office expenses (stationary, entertainment, janitorial services, etc.) | 660,000 | 726,000 | 798,600 | 878,460 | 966,306 | 1,062,937 | 1,169,230 | 1,286,153 | 1,414,769 | 1,556,245 |
| Marketing Expenses | 1,835,600 | 1,652,040 | 1,486,836 | 1,338,152 | 1,204,337 | 1,083,903 | 975,513 | 877,962 | 790,166 | 711,149 |
| Depreciation expense | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 |
| Amortization of pre-operating costs | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 |
| Amortization of legal, licensing, and training costs | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Bad debt expense | 91,780 | 108,336 | 124,849 | 143,144 | 163,389 | 185,766 | 210,475 | 237,733 | 254,635 | 272,460 |
| Subtotal | 7,199,030 | 7,606,563 | 7,706,984 | 8,217,818 | 8,810,793 | 9,496,381 | 10,269,757 | 11,143,009 | 11,979,191 | 12,908,106 |
| Operating Income | 1,048,370 | 2,027,965 | 3,627,726 | 4,461,999 | 5,277,615 | 6,058,613 | 6,802,387 | 7,487,136 | 7,117,054 | 6,569,952 |
| Gain / (loss) on sale of office equipment | - | - | - | - | 38,800 | - | - | - | - |  |
| Earnings Before Interest \& Taxes | 1,048,370 | 2,027,965 | 3,627,726 | 4,461,999 | 5,316,415 | 6,058,613 | 6,802,387 | 7,487,136 | 7,117,054 | 6,569,952 |
| Interest expense on long term debt (Project Loan) | 141,982 | 116,935 | 88,712 | 56,909 | 21,073 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal | 199,094 | 116,935 | 88,712 | 56,909 | 21,073 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Earnings Before Tax | 849,276 | 1,911,029 | 3,539,014 | 4,405,090 | 5,295,341 | 6,058,613 | 6,802,387 | 7,487,136 | 7,117,054 | 6,569,952 |
| Tax | 49,891 | 229,706 | 607,253 | 844,027 | 1,111,102 | 1,343,014 | 1,603,335 | 1,842,997 | 1,713,468 | 1,521,983 |
| NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX | 799,384 | 1,681,324 | 2,931,761 | 3,561,063 | 4,184,239 | 4,715,599 | 5,199,052 | 5,644,139 | 5,403,586 | 5,047,970 |

### 11.2 Balance Sheet



### 11.3 Cash Flow Statement

| Cash Nlow Statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year 0 | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | Year 7 | Year 8 | Year 9 | Year 10 |
| Operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net profit |  | 799,384 | 1,681,324 | 2,931,761 | 3,561,063 | 4,184,239 | 4,715,599 | 5,199,052 | 5,644,139 | 5,403,586 | 5,047,970 |
| Add: depreciation expense |  | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 222,550 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 | 227,910 |
| amortization of pre-operating costs |  | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 | 36,500 |
| amortization of training costs |  | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Deferred income tax |  | 49,891 | 229,706 | 607,253 | 844,027 | 1,111,102 | 1,343,014 | 1,603,335 | 1,842,997 | 1,713,468 | 1,521,983 |
| Accounts receivable |  | $(352,033)$ | $(31,751)$ | $(63,421)$ | $(66,756)$ | $(73,911)$ | $(81,740)$ | $(90,303)$ | $(99,664)$ | $(84,691)$ | $(66,599)$ |
| Finished goods inventory |  | $(200,454)$ | $(33,864)$ | $(31,179)$ | $(45,025)$ | $(51,376)$ | $(58,546)$ | $(66,637)$ | $(75,760)$ | $(56,091)$ | $(61,893)$ |
| Equipment inventory | $(20,825)$ | $(3,228)$ | $(3,728)$ | $(4,306)$ | $(4,974)$ | $(5,744)$ | $(6,635)$ | $(7,663)$ | $(8,851)$ | $(10,223)$ | 76,177 |
| Raw material inventory | $(266,221)$ | $(89,138)$ | $(107,751)$ | $(137,335)$ | $(174,592)$ | $(221,441)$ | $(280,267)$ | $(354,035)$ | $(344,485)$ | $(414,805)$ | 2,390,069 |
| Pre-paid building rent | $(300,000)$ | $(30,000)$ | $(33,000)$ | $(36,300)$ | $(39,930)$ | $(43,923)$ | $(48,315)$ | $(53,147)$ | $(58,462)$ | $(64,308)$ | 707,384 |
| Accounts payable |  | 563,179 | 121,956 | 130,123 | 150,488 | 173,916 | 200,882 | 231,948 | 259,389 | 203,205 | $(19,467)$ |
| Cash provided by operations | $(587,046)$ | 1,001,652 | 2,086,941 | 3,660,646 | 4,488,351 | 5,336,912 | 6,053,403 | 6,731,961 | 7,428,713 | 6,959,552 | 9,865,034 |
| Financing activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Project Loan - principal repayment |  | $(197,490)$ | $(222,537)$ | $(250,760)$ | $(282,563)$ | $(318,399)$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Additions to Project Loan | 1,271,750 | , | - | , | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance of shares | 2,009,201 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cash provided by / (used for) financing activities | 4,018,403 | (934,942) | $(222,537)$ | $(250,760)$ | $(282,563)$ | $(318,399)$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Investing activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital expenditure | (2,543,500) | - | - | - | - | $(123,799)$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Acquisitions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash (used for)/ provided by investing activities | (2,543,500) | - | - | - | - | $(123,799)$ | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NET CASH | 887,857 | 66,710 | 1,864,404 | 3,409,886 | 4,205,788 | 4,894,714 | 6,053,403 | 6,731,961 | 7,428,713 | 6,959,552 | 9,865,034 |

## 12 KEY ASSUMPTIONS

### 12.1 Operating Cost Assumptions

| Description | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Office Expenses (Stationery, Entertainment etc) | Rs. 55,000 per month |
| Professional Fee | 50,000 per year |
| Depreciation Method | Straight Line depreciation |
| Depreciation Rate | $10 \%$ on Machinery |
|  | $20 \%$ on Office Equipment |
| Inflation Growth Rate | $10 \%$ on Furniture \& Fixture |
| Electricity Price Growth Rate | $10 \%$ |
| Salaries Growth Rate | $10 \%$ |

### 12.2 Production Cost Assumptions

Cost per Bottle

| Description | Unit | Unit <br> Cost <br> (Rs.) | Qty. <br> Required | Cost <br> (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{7 5 0} \mathbf{~ m l ~ B o t t l e ~}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Rose Petals | Kg | 65 | 0.15 | 9.75 |
| Pet Bottle | No | 12 | 1 | 12.00 |
| Total |  |  |  | $\mathbf{2 1 . 7 5}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5 0} \mathbf{~ m l ~ B o t t l e ~}$ | Kg | 65 | 0.05 | 3.25 |
| Rose Petals | No | 8.50 | 1 | 8.50 |
| Pet Bottle |  |  |  | $\mathbf{1 1 . 7 5}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |

### 12.3 Revenue Assumptions

| Description | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Growth in Sales Price | $7 \%$ |
| Days Operational / Year | 300 |
| Maximum Operational Capacity (Per Year) | 300,000 liters |
| Production Capacity in First Year <br> Percentage Increase in Production Capacity every <br> Year | $60 \%$ |

Maximum Production Capacity 95\%

### 12.4 Financial Assumptions

| Description | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Debt | $50 \%$ |
| Equity | $50 \%$ |
| Interest Rate on Debt | $12 \%$ |
| Debt Tenure | 5 Years |
| Debt Payment / Year | 12 |

